

What's new in zVPS 4.3

z/VM and Linux

Performance Management

(What can you do “new” after 29 years???)

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- Performance Management Overview
- Systems Management Features
- zVPS Objectives (and buzzwords)
- End to End Performance Management
- zVPS
 - Data Collection
 - PDB
 - Technology
- zVPS Release 4.3 Updates

The Velocity Software mission and principals

Performance Management (vs DIAGNOSTICS)

- **Performance Analysis**
- **Operational Alerts**
- **Capacity Planning**
- **Accounting/Charge back**

Correct data (Virtual Linux CPU data wrong)

Capture ratios (is the data valid?)

Velocity Software can NOT be the performance problem

KISS Principal ALWAYS (NO SMAPI!!!)

FULL Integration of all components

Performance Research critical to our customers

Infrastructure Requirements: Performance Analysis

Why Performance Analysis: Service Level Mgmt

- Diagnose problems real time
- Manage Shared resource environment
- Any application may impact other applications

Infrastructure Requirements

- Analyze all z/VM Subsystems in detail, real time
 - (DASD, Cache, Storage, Paging, Processor, TCPIP)
- Analyze Linux
 - (applications, processes, processor, storage, swap)
- Historical view of same data important
 - Why are things worse today than yesterday?
 - Did adding new workload affect overall throughput?
 - Know who/what is using resource and how to re-allocate

Infrastructure Requirements: Capacity Planning

Why Capacity Planning: Future Service Levels

- How many more servers can you support with existing z10?
- What is capacity requirements for an application?
- **Avoid crises *in advance***
- Consolidation Planning – Projecting requirements of the next 100 or 1000 servers

Infrastructure Requirements

- Performance database (long term)
- z/VM **AND** Linux data
- Resource requirements by Server, Application, User
- z/VM and z/Linux data must be usable by existing planners
- **Interface to MICS, MXG, TUAM, TDS, IUE (BMC)**

Infrastructure Requirements: Chargeback

Why Chargeback?

- Distributed chargeback model is by server
- Shared chargeback model is by resource utilized
- Convincing customers to move applications to “z”
- Encourages efficient/effective resource use
- Align IT to your business model

Infrastructure Requirements

- Identify Resource by server
- Identify Resource by Linux Application
- **High capture ratio**
- Every site does it differently, so flexible data is key

Infrastructure Requirements: Operations

Operational Requirements

- Operations will manage 100's (1000's) of servers
 - Requires active performance management
- Alerts for processes in loops, disks 90% full, missing processes
- One test server in a loop impacts all other servers
- Requires active performance management

Infrastructure Requirements

- Fast problem detection
- Interface to SNMP management console (NETCOOL, HPOpenView)
- User tailored alerts
- Web based alerts

“Z” – original focus

- z/VM
- Linux
- VSE

Distributed

- Linux (blades, vmware, etc)
- Microsoft
- Solaris, aix

Distributions

- Suse
- Redhat
- UBUNTU (2Q 2017)

Network

- Any snmp enabled devices

“Applications

- Oracle
- Java/Websphere
- (MQ)
- (DB2)
- (DOCKER)

Focus is shifting to more of an Enterprise Model

Standard Interfaces mean less work

- Agentless, very little “proprietary” data

CP Monitor – z/VM

- LPAR data, CPU data
- Disk, storage, paging data
- Virtual machine data

SNMP – Standard

- Network data, microsoft servers, many appliances
- VSE data
- Linux “UCD” mib – high level ram, CPU

SNMP – Velocity Software mib

- Process details, applications, Java, WAS, Oracle

Data Engine

- zWRITE
- zMAP
- zTCP
- SNMP

Data / User Interface

- zMON
- zVWS
- zVIEW

Database

- Extract (zmap)
- Extract (zmon)
- MICS / MXG / IUE

Operations

- zALERT
- zOPERATOR
- Portal / zPRO

z/VM Performance monitor architecture

Traditional model (1989)

ESAMON/zMON: Real time analysis

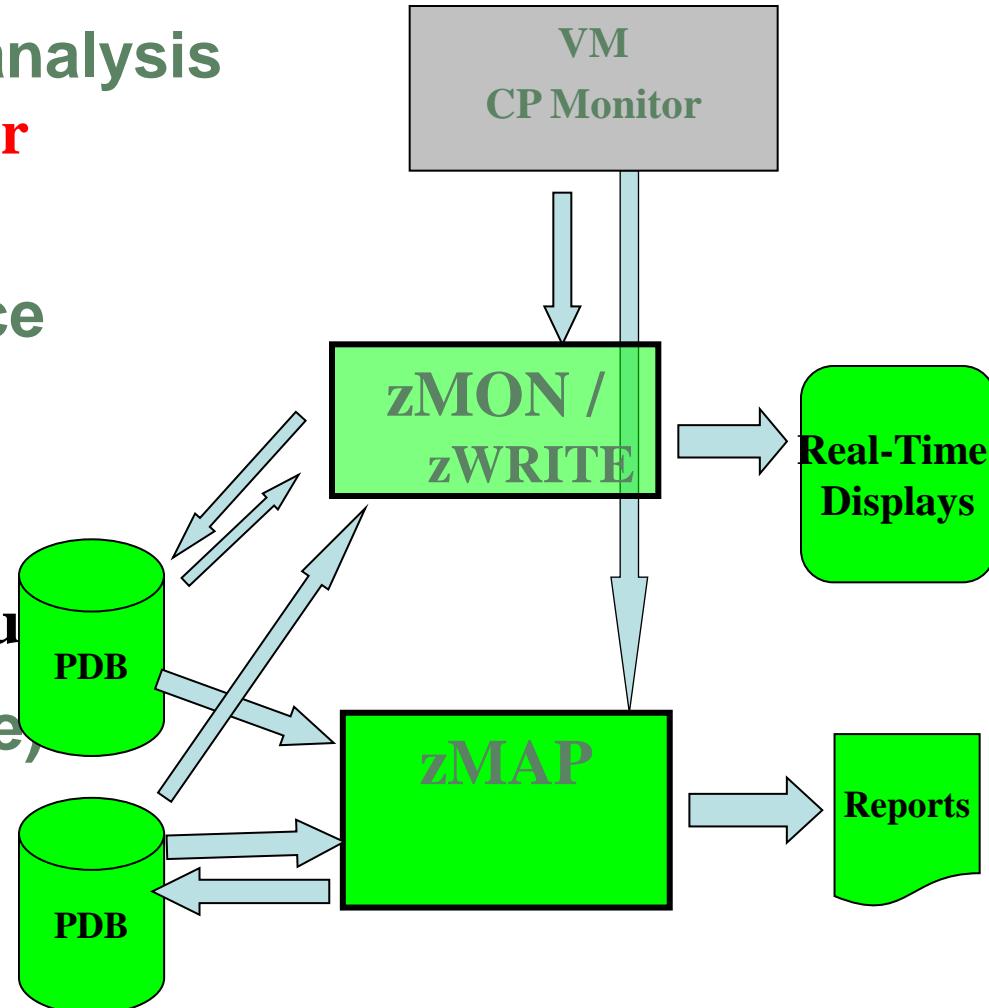
- **Uses Standard CP Monitor**
- Real Time Analysis**

ESAMAP/zMAP: Performance Reporting

- Post (midnight) Processing**
- Creates Long Term PDB**
- PDB or monwrite data input**

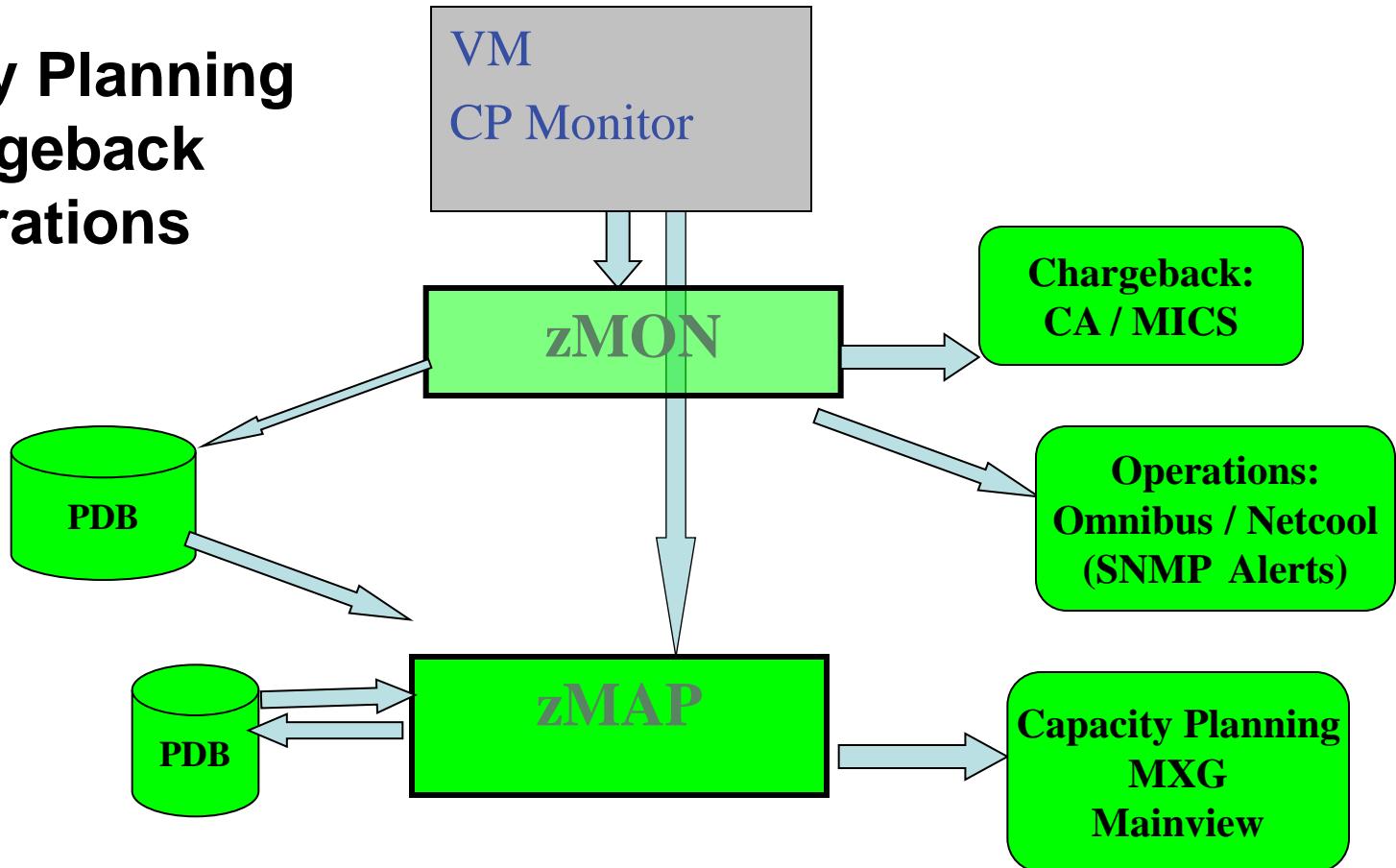
PDB (Performance DataBase)

- Complete data**
- By Minute, hour, day**
- Monthly/Yearly Archive**



Add “Enterprise” Support

Capacity Planning Chargeback Operations



Operational cost of agents

- Does the agent use 2%? 5%? 95%? of a processor per Linux server?
- Does this matter on distributed servers where agents were created?
- Will local data collection fill up your file system?
- Does turning off performance monitoring solve the performance problem?
- Do you only turn on your agent when you have a problem???
 - Diagnostics vs Performance Management?
- **Customer quote: an agent that costs 1% of a processor will cost me 10 IFLs**
- **(standard snmp host mib, about 1%)**

• Agents must provide correct data

- Is your data correct? Or wrong by order of magnitude?
- Prior to SLES10/RHEL5, all “Virtual” agents provide wrong data
- **Why collect bad data?**

Network, Linux Instrumentation

Performance Data infrastructure existed (zMON/zMAP)

- PDB already existed for performance analysis and Capacity Planning
- Data presentation tools existed

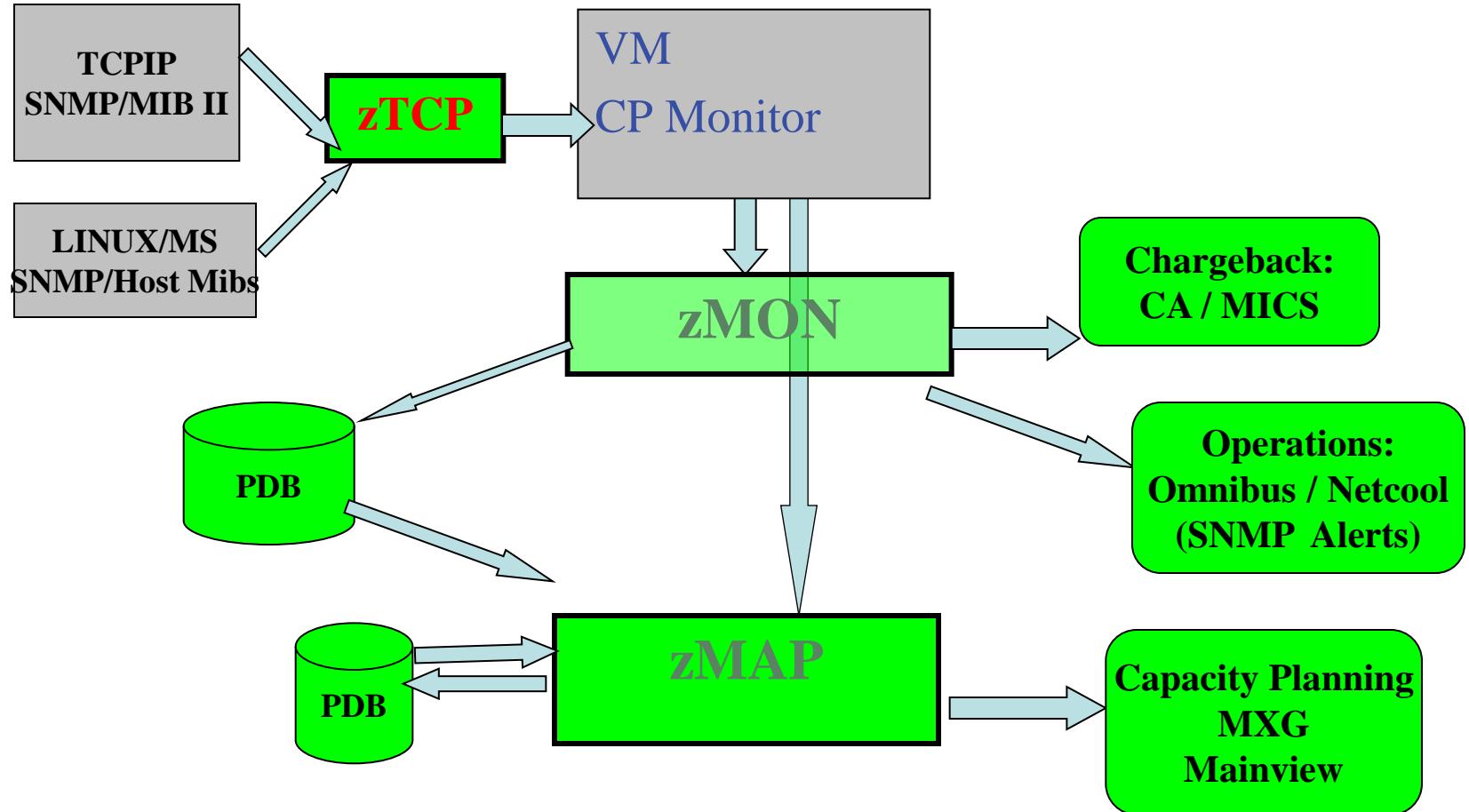
Data source needed for Linux and Network:

- Passive agent (do not measure idle servers)
- **Low overhead (want to monitor 100 / 1000 servers under z/VM)**
 - Agents developed for Intel and Distributed servers did not care about overhead
- Open Source (fast development time), instrumentation MUST be part of the platform
- Standard interface

SNMP: Standard interface for network and host data

- Provided by TCPIP Vendor
- **Not proprietary agent! – Can't charge for it....**
- Used to collect network, host data from NT, SUN, HP
- NETSNMP available for Linux - Meets all requirements
 - (Distributed with RHEL SLES – UBUNTU is “different”)
- Platform independent (Intel, P-series, Microsoft, Linux)
- **.03% of ONE IFL (z10,sles9) per server, ONE MINUTE COLLECTION**

Add “Network” and “host” Support – Pre Linux



Snmp, Velocity Software mib

Standard mib

- MIB II: 1.3.6.1.2.1 (Network)
- HOST 1.3.6.1.2.1.25 (process, file system device, memory)

Private mibs:

- Private: 1.3.6.1.4
- **ucd-snmp** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**2021.**
- **Velocity** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**F971**
- **VeloJava** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**F971.100.**
- **VeloOracle** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**F971.11**
- **VeloVSE** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**F971.10.1**

- **IBM** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**2**
- **IBMVSE** 1.3.6.1.4.1.**2.6.81FD**
- **IBMOSA**

Why Velocity mib?

- More data
- Better data
- Better performance

MibII: Transport layer, IP layer, hardware layer, icmp

- Transport layer data shows connections, TCP rates, UDP rates

		TCPIP Transport Layer Data Report									
Date/	<-----TCP Connections----->				<-TCP Communications / sec						
Time/	Current	<Opens/Second>	<Closes/Sec>	<---Segments Transmitted-							
Node	Connects	Active	Passive	Fails	Resets	Input	Output	ReTran	InError		
<hr/>											
00:15:00											
Node Groups											
KeyUser	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.00		
*TheUsrs	21.9	1.3	1.6	0.2	0	48.74	48.75	0.00	0		
VsLPARs	5.3	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.3	8.02	11.95	0.29	0.08		
*** Nodes *****											
oracle	16.9	0.5	1.0	0	0	24.51	24.52	0.00	0		
RH5X161	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
S11R20RA	5.0	0.8	0.6	0.2	0	24.25	24.26	0	0		
TCPIP	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.00		
TCPIP2	0	0	0	0	0	0.01	0.01	0	0.00		
TCPIP2	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.00		
VSIVM1	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.49	0.59	0.10	0.01		
VSIVM2	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.00		
VSIVM4	2.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	7.51	11.33	0.15	0.07		

Host Analysis “distributed” Disks

HOST MIB data:
Provides disk data
Percent full
Supports WinNT, Unix
Alerts by disk full

Standard data!!!

NODE/		<-Utilization->				<----Storage----->	
Time/		<MegaByte>		Pct		Alloc	
Date	Index	Size	Used	Full	Errors	Units	Description
10:43:00							
	acme						
		1	495	14.2	2.9	0	1024 Memory Buffers
		2	495	487	98.4	0	1024 Real Memory
		3	2031	12.8	0.6	0	1024 Swap Space
		4	2310	775	33.6	0	4096 /
		6	2310	1293	56.0	0	4096 /usr
	dominoz1						
		1	2002	38.5	1.9	0	1024 Memory Buffers
		2	2002	1994	100	0	1024 Real Memory
		3	2031	97.4	4.8	0	1024 Swap Space
		4	2310	1556	67.4	0	4096 /
		6	2310	1398	60.5	0	4096 /usr
		7	984K	238K	24.2	0	4096 /notesdata
	ebiz1						
		1	997	9.0	0.9	0	1024 Memory Buffers
		2	997	992	99.5	0	1024 Real Memory
		3	2031	514	25.3	0	1024 Swap Space
		4	2310	1607	69.6	0	4096 /
		6	2310	1451	62.8	0	4096 /usr
		7	101K	10K	10.3	0	4096 /notesdata

Distributed Systems Process data

Windows NT

Screen: ESAHST1 NT Data		ESAMON V3.2 07/30 14:56-14:57								
1 of 1 LINUX HOST Software Analysis Report		NODE * LIMIT 500								
<--Software Program-----> <CPU Seconds> CPU Storage(K)										
Time	Node	Name	ID	Type	Status	Total	Intrval	Pct	Current	
14:57:00	ENTWDB	NetTime.	2648	4	1	4259	0.68	1.12	1320	
		NetTime.	2452	4	1	982	0.57	0.94	1040	
		sqlagent	2408	4	1	100	0.03	0.05	3724	
		snmp.exe	2268	4	1	73	0.07	0.12	3888	
		taskmgr.	2224	4	1	21076	0.28	0.46	2524	
		sqlservr	2136	4	1	50038	9.53	15.72	511624	
		NetTime.	1808	4	1	10481	1.47	2.42	1092	
		sqlmangr	1660	4	1	189	0.01	0.02	3664	
		DLLHOST.	1648	4	1	102	0.02	0.03	4684	
		liccheck	1352	4	1	1272	0.04	0.07	1584	
		DLLHOST.	1284	4	1	2158	0.09	0.15	6660	
		inetinfo	1208	4	1	3063	0.10	0.16	9708	
		WinVNC.e	1160	4	1	20742	0.56	0.92	3536	
		explorer	788	4	1	2252	0.14	0.23	5336	
		SERVICES	272	4	1	6892	1.50	2.47	7480	
		msdtc.ex	164	4	1	71	0.02	0.03	5108	

Linux user cpu by process name

Report: ESAHSTA LINUX HOST Application Report

Monitor initialized: 21/01/11 at 07:03:00 on

Node/	Process/	<Application Status Counts>			<----Processor----			
Date	Application	Run-	Res	Load	<---Utilization--->			
Time	name	Total	Actv	ning	Wait	-ed	Percent seconds Avg	
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
07:04:00								
Node Groups								
TheUsers	*Totals*	840.0	138	11.0	829	0	88.0	52.7 0.1
	automoun	1.0	1.0	0	1.0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	events/0	1.0	1.0	0	1.0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	httpd	277.0	106	1.0	276	0	86.0	51.5 0.3
	java	2.0	2.0	0	2.0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	ksoftirq	3.0	1.0	0	3.0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	rotatelo	72.0	14.0	0	72.0	0	1.0	0.6 0.0
	sendmail	6.0	3.0	0	6.0	0	0.0	0.0 0.0
	sidd	1.0	1.0	0	1.0	0	0.2	0.1 0.2
	snmpd	9.0	9.0	9.0	0	0	0.7	0.4 0.1

Standard Linux *ucd mib*: Managing Storage (RAM)

Linux data shows
Real storage
Swap storage
“cache”

Swapping is “good”

If not swapping,
reduce vm size
Use CMM to reduce

Node/	Storage Sizes (in MegaBytes)										Linux Test	
Time/	<--Real Storage-->			<--SWAP Storage-->			Total	<--Storage in Use-->			First recor	
Date	Total	Avail	Used	Total	Avail	Used	MIN	Avail	Shared	Buffer	Cache	
<hr/>												
10:43:00	acme	494.7	7.7	487.0	2031	2018	12.8	15.6	2026	0	14.2	39.1
	dominoz1	2002.1	8.0	1994	2031	1934	97.4	15.6	1942	0	38.6	1417
	ebiz1	997.1	5.7	991.4	2031	1517	513.7	15.6	1523	0	8.9	635.8
	ebiz2	997.1	13.0	984.2	2031	1878	152.8	15.6	1891	0	26.9	607.8
	ibmds1	2002.1	11.6	1990	2031	2029	2.0	15.6	2041	0	84.0	1484
	ebizdev2	997.1	6.8	990.4	2031	1980	51.3	15.6	1986	0	63.3	530.9
	ebizdev1	997.1	8.0	989.2	2031	1754	277.3	15.6	1762	0	43.8	521.2
	ibmedge1	1007.3	497.1	510.2	2031	2031	0	15.6	2528	0	174.9	165.4
	ibmds3	8031.8	81.5	7950	2031	2031	0	15.6	2112	0	320.3	6494
	ibmedge2	1007.3	492.7	514.6	2031	2031	0	15.6	2524	0	175.3	167.4
	ibmred2	997.1	4.5	992.6	2031	2026	4.6	15.6	2031	0	98.4	586.4
	ibmred1	997.1	9.7	987.4	2031	2026	4.6	15.6	2036	0	98.7	578.5
	tdirdb2	4012.0	31.9	3980	2031	1613	418.1	15.6	1645	0	250.1	3017
	tdirtam	4012.0	1294	2718	2031	2031	0	15.6	3325	0	235.1	2106
	tdirtds	4012.0	1061	2951	2031	2031	0	15.6	3092	0	324.8	2259
	tdirtim	4012.0	1007	3005	2031	2031	0	15.6	3038	0	239.7	1981
	tdsds-a1	997.1	124.0	873.1	2031	2031	0	15.6	2155	0	87.1	569.0
	ibmds2	8031.8	78.0	7954	2031	2031	0.4	15.6	2109	0	251.7	6546

More data at very low cost Expose linux internal metrics

- Process data (50 metrics instead of 6)
- Storage / RAM metrics (40 vs 10)
- CPU Metrics
- File system metrics (disk response times)

- Oracle data (AWR is expensive diagnostic tool)
- Java (ditto for diagnostic tools)

Process Capture Ratio with Velocity mib

High cpu capture ratio

Report: ESALNXV LINUX Virtual Processor Analysis Report

Node/ VM	<Linux Pct CPU>			<Process Data>			Capture	Prorate	
Name	ServerID	Total	Syst	User	Total	Syst	User	Ratio	Factor
10:03:00									
NEALE1	LNEALE1	100.0	11.4	88.6	100.2	11.5	88.7	1.002	1.000

Report: ESALNXP LINUX HOST Process Statistics Report

node/	<-Process Ident->			<----CPU Percents----					
Name	ID	PPID	GRP	Valu	Tot	sys	user	syst	usrt
10:03:00									
NEALE1	0	0	0	0	100	0.43	3.35	11.0	85.4
kswapd0	100	1	1	0	0.12	0.12	0	0	0
snmpd	1013	1	1012	-10	0.13	0.03	0.10	0	0
sh	3653	3652	30124	0	52.7	0	0	9.37	43.3
gmake	9751	9750	30124	0	43.4	0.02	0.02	1.37	42.0
sh	10129	9751	30124	0	0.02	0.02	0	0	0
sh	10130	10129	30124	0	0.63	0.03	0.23	0.28	0.08
ccl	10307	10306	30124	0	3.12	0.18	2.93	0	0
rpmbuild	30124	16382	30124	0	0.07	0.03	0.03	0	0
sh	30125	30124	30124	0	0.02	0	0.02	0	0
gmake	30126	30125	30124	0	0.02	0	0.02	0	0

Report: ESALNXC		LINUX Process Conf			
Node/	Name	<-Process Ident->		<--Pr	
		ID	PPID	GRP	Path
NEALE1					
	init	1	0	0	init [3]
	migratio	2	1	0	migratio
	ksoftirq	3	1	0	ksoftirq
	events/0	4	1	0	events/0
	khelper	5	4	0	khelper
	kblockd/	6	4	0	kblockd/
	cio	41	4	0	cio
	cio_noti	42	4	0	cio_noti
	kslowcrw	43	4	0	kslowcrw
	appldata	96	4	0	appldata
	aio/0	101	4	0	aio/0
	pdflush	5266	4	0	pdflush
	pdflush	26647	4	0	pdflush
	kswapd0	100	1	1	kswapd0
	kmcheck	158	1	1	kmcheck
	syslogd	976	1	976	/sbin/sys
	klogd	979	1	979	/sbin/kl
	snmpd	1013	1	1012	snmpd
	portmap	1030	1	1030	/sbin/po
	rpciod	1034	1	1	rpciod
	lockd	1035	1	1	lockd
	sshd	1072	1	1072	/usr/sbi
	sshd	16272	1072	16272	sshd: bu
	sshd	16288	1072	16288	sshd: bu
	sshd	16290	16288	16288	sshd: bu
	bash	16291	16290	16291	bash
	python	16312	16291	16291	python
	do-bui	16313	16312	16291	/bin/sh
	bb_do	16382	16313	16291	/usr/bin
	rpmb	16415	16382	16415	rpmbuild
	rpmb	30124	16382	30124	rpmbuild

Analyzing Linux CPU by process

Velocity MIB data:
Provides process data
Parent/Child relationship

Note ALL application processes are owned by “24445”.

node/		<-Process Ident->			Nice	<----CPU Percents----			
Name	ID	PPID	GRP	Valu	Tot	sys	user	syst	usrt
10:43:00									
dominoz1	0	0	0	0	9.9	3.20	6.69	0	0
ksoftirq	5	1	0	19	0.03	0.03	0	0	0
ksoftirq	7	1	0	19	0.05	0.05	0	0	0
kswapd0	134	1	1	0	0.05	0.05	0	0	0
kjournal	1140	1	1	0	0.08	0.08	0	0	0
snmpd	1775	1	1774	-10	0.27	0.16	0.11	0	0
scontrol	24521	24445	24414	0	0.03	0	0.03	0	0
server	24539	24521	24414	0	1.46	0.41	1.06	0	0
logasio	24553	24539	24414	0	0.14	0.11	0.03	0	0
event	28636	24539	24414	0	0.16	0.03	0.14	0	0
replica	28663	24539	24414	0	1.76	0.27	1.49	0	0
update	28665	24539	24414	0	5.36	1.92	3.44	0	0
amgr	28667	24539	24414	0	0.03	0	0.03	0	0
adminp	28670	24539	24414	0	0.19	0.08	0.11	0	0
sched	28676	24539	24414	0	0.03	0	0.03	0	0
rnrngr	28686	24539	24414	0	0.03	0	0.03	0	0
clrepl	28920	24539	24414	0	0.22	0	0.22	0	0

Analyzing Linux CPU by Application

Velocity MIB data:

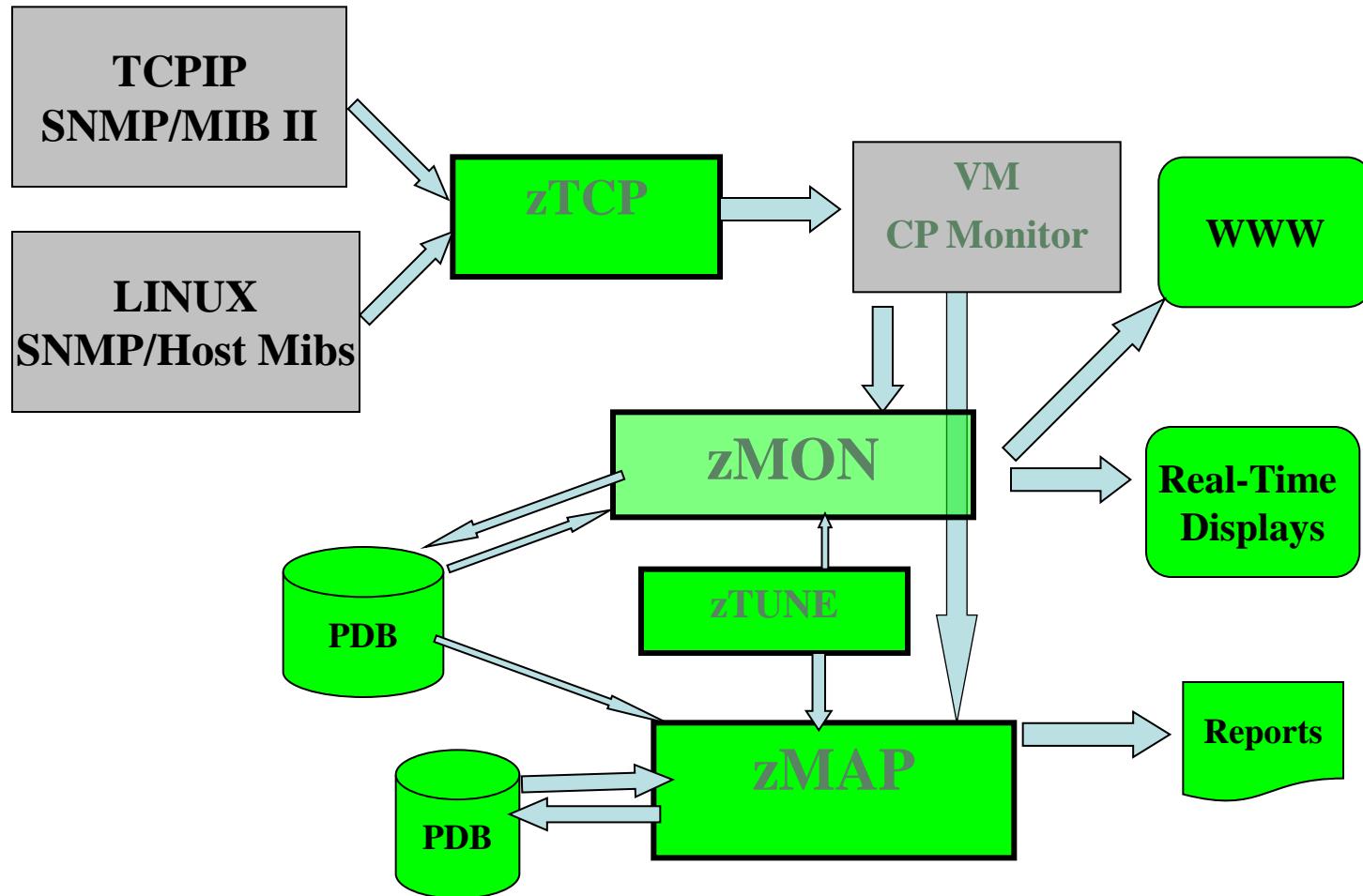
Provides process data
Parent/Child relationship
Allows combining into
“applications”
Note the “bash/24445”
“application”

Define alerts based on
application

Report: ESALNXA		LINUX HOST Application Report														
		Monitor initialized: 02/05/07 at 10:41:41 on 2084 ser														
Node/	Process/	ID	<---Processor Percent--->													
Date	Application		<Process><Children>													
Time	name		Total sys user syst usrt													

10:43:00																
dominoz1	*Totals*	0	9.9	3.2	6.7	0	0	0	0							
	bash	24445	9.4	2.8	6.6	0	0	0	0							
	kernel	1	0.2	0.2	0	0	0	0	0							
	snmpd	1775	0.3	0.2	0.1	0	0	0	0							

Modernize: Webserving, performance skills



ZVWS Provides www access

ZTCP 4.2 Parameters

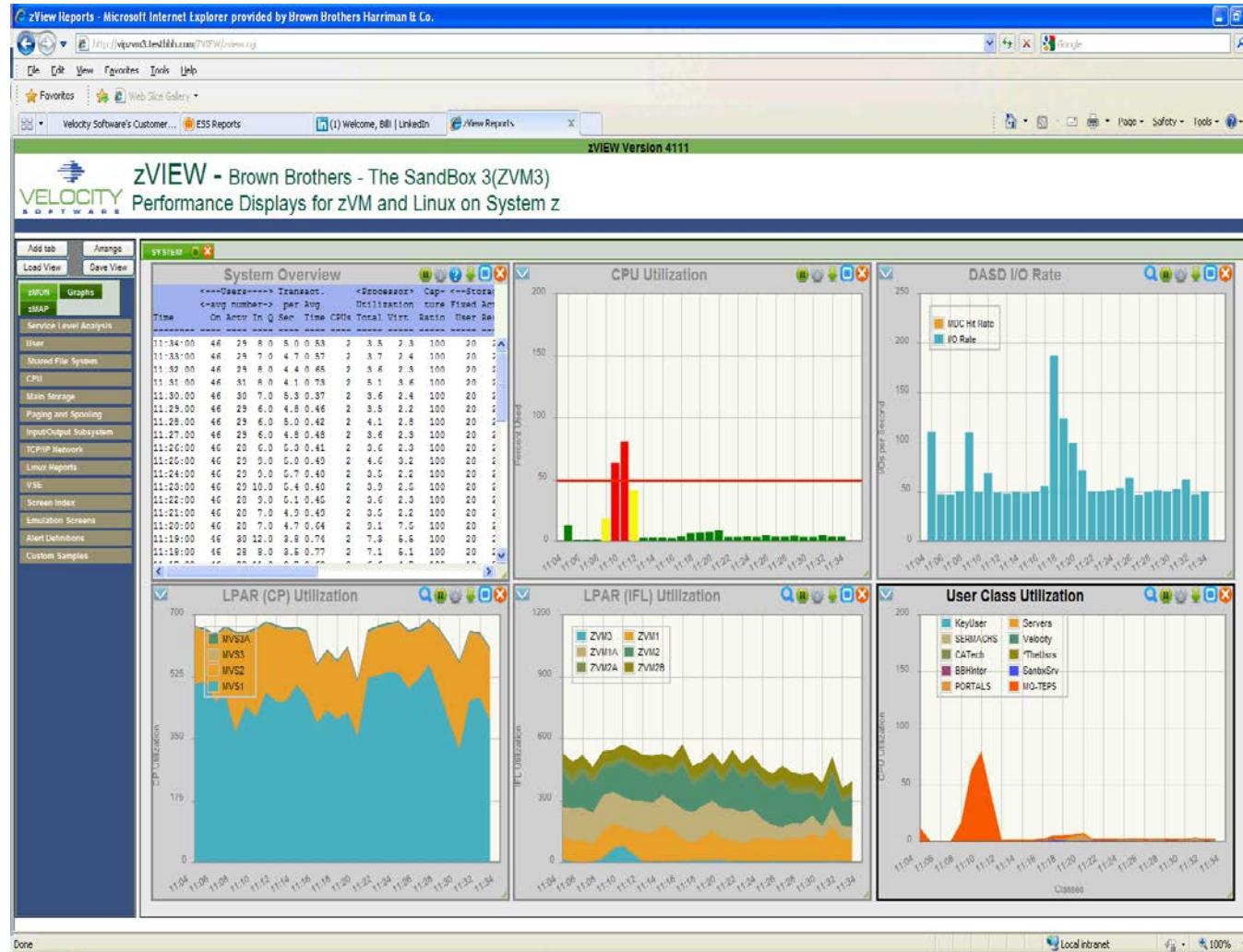
Added DNS Names capability

```
community = 'velocity'    TCPIP='TCPIP'      nodegrp = 'VSILPARs'  
  
dnsport = 53  
dnsIPADDR = '64.105.172.26'  
  
node = 'VSIVM1' domain='vsivm1.VelocitySoftware.com'  
node = 'VSIVM2' domain='vsivm2.VelocitySoftware.com'  
node = 'VSIVM3' domain='vsivm3.VelocitySoftware.com'  
node = 'VSIVM4' domain='demo.VelocitySoftware.com'
```

Added SSI Support – monitor where operating

```
TCPIP='TCPIP'    peerport = 1998  
  
peeraddr ='67.218.99.132' peerport = 1998    ;vsivm2  
peeraddr ='67.218.99.134' peerport = 1998    ;vsivm4  
peeraddr ='67.218.99.135' peerport = 1998    ;vsivm5  
  
Ssiflag = '1'b  
Node = 'lnxssil' domain='prod.mylinux.mycompany.com"
```

zVIEW Version 2 Example



zVPS Enterprise View

Tailorable, expandable, zoomable

Today is Monday 2 Dec 2013 zVIEW Version 4159

First level

VSIVM1	Expand	VSIVM2	Expand	VSIVM3(old)	Expand
VM1 13/12/02 18:29 CP_Total (2) 6.63%		VM2 13/12/02 18:29 IFL_Total (1) 0.91%		VM3 13/12/02 21:29 024B42-0 99.22%	
Linux Nodes (Distributed Servers)					
LINUX9 (9) 3.93%		RH5X161 0.43%		000000-64 99.22%	
suselnx3 (9) 2.57%		RH5Z161 0.37%		Linux Nodes (z/VM-Guests)	
REDHAT (2) 2.30%				LES11T 2.29%	
Linux Nodes (Distributed Servers)					
PENSUSE 7.68%					

Demo System V4

Demo	13/12/02	18:29	IFL_Total (1)	17.77%	Linux Nodes (z/VM-Guests)
roblx1	2.83%				
redhat6	1.18%				
oracle	0.82%				
redhat56	0.47%				
redhat5x	0.43%				
lxsugar (2)	0.41%				
redhat64	0.31%				
sles8 (2)	0.31%				
sles10	0.29%				
redhat5	0.27%				
redhat3	0.25%				
redhat6x	0.24%				
suselnx2	0.22%				
sles11 (2)	0.22%				
sles11x	0.20%				
sles11x3	0.19%				
sles9x	0.18%				
ses10s	0.17%				
sles10x4	0.17%				
sles9	0.16%				
Linux Nodes (Distributed Servers)					
linux93 (2)	100.00%				
opensuse (2)	8.97%				
JIRA (2)	5.88%				
vpnbrz	5.50%				
vpnbrc	4.76%				
mail (9)	3.42%				
vpnz	2.35%				

Second level

Tims Test System					
TimL2 13/11/27 13:09 IFL_Total (1) 0.10%					
Linux Nodes (z/VM-Guests)					
1.85%					
1.50%					
0.85%					
0.57%					

zALERT - Operational Support

Alerts

- User tailorable
- 3270 based, web based, and / or SNMP
- Alerts can be set on any variable or calculated variable

Linux alert examples:

- Disk full
- Missing processes (requires complete data)
- **Looping processes (requires correct data)**

z/VM alert examples

- Page/spool space full (avoid abends)
- Looping servers
- DASD service times

Network alert examples

- Transport errors
- ICMP rates
- Bandwidth thresholds

zALERT – Automate problem detection

3270 Style Alerts (50+ sample alerts provided)

The terminal window shows a list of alerts:

Type	Description
LNDX	/ area on oracle is 79.51% full
LNDX	/opt area on oracle is 82.24% full
LNDX	/home area on oracle is 59.02% full
LNDX	/ area on RH5X161 is 32.54% full
LNDX	/ area on S11R20RA is 81.56% full
LNDX	/boot area on S11R20RA is 20.00% full
LNDX	/opt area on S11R20RA is 95.00% full
LNDX	/mnt/oracle area on S11R20RA is 20.00% full
LNSU	Swap utilization for Linux is 100.00%
LNSU	Swap utilization for Linux is 100.00%

The browser window shows the same data in a grid format:

Code	Alert Description
LNCP	CPU utilization on Linux node BlakeMC is 13.86%
LNDX	/ area on lxsugar is 98.74% full
LNDX	/user area on lxsugar is 97.59% full
LNDX	/ area on opensuse is 99.71% full
LNDX	/home area on opensuse is 93.23% full
LNDX	/iso/sles15 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s11sp2_area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s11sp2_area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s11sp3_area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s11sdk_area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s11sp2_area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/r4d area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/r52 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s10v1 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/r7 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/sles15s area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s12-1 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s12-2 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s12sdk1 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/iso/s12sdk2 area on opensuse is 100.00% full
LNDX	/ area on oracle is 79.51% full
LNDX	/opt area on oracle is 82.24% full
LNDX	/home area on oracle is 59.02% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat5 is 52.36% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat5x is 32.54% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat56 is 95.00% full
LNDX	/mnt area on redhat56 is 53.23% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat5 is 38.60% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat5x is 94.92% full
LNDX	/dev/shm area on redhat5x is 51.42% full
LNDX	/ area on redhat54 is 36.09% full
LNDX	/boot area on rhel7v is 23.79% full
LNDX	/ area on rolinv2 is 78.74% full

Or Browser based:
Click Thru
or SMS, email...

Operational Support - SNMP Alert integration

ZVPS SNMP Alert Architecture

- Centralized alert (no trap settings on each server!)
- One point of control (ZALERT)

SNMP alerts sent to any SNMP operations console

- Create “SNMP TRAPDEST” file

* this file is the list of snmp trap destinations

* format is ip address, and community name

67.100.74.25 velocity

Sending SNMP alerts by other functions:

```
/* authorized user can send alerts */  
parse arg msg  
'CP SMSG ZTCP ALERT' msg
```

Several requests to extend ESAOPER screen

Optional **no-charge** application component

Replaces VM Operations Manager

Display:

- Uses standard zMON 3270 screen driver, existing function
- Dialed terminal for multiviewing
- zVIEW integration (browser)

Scrollable console

Messages can be searched by text, date or time

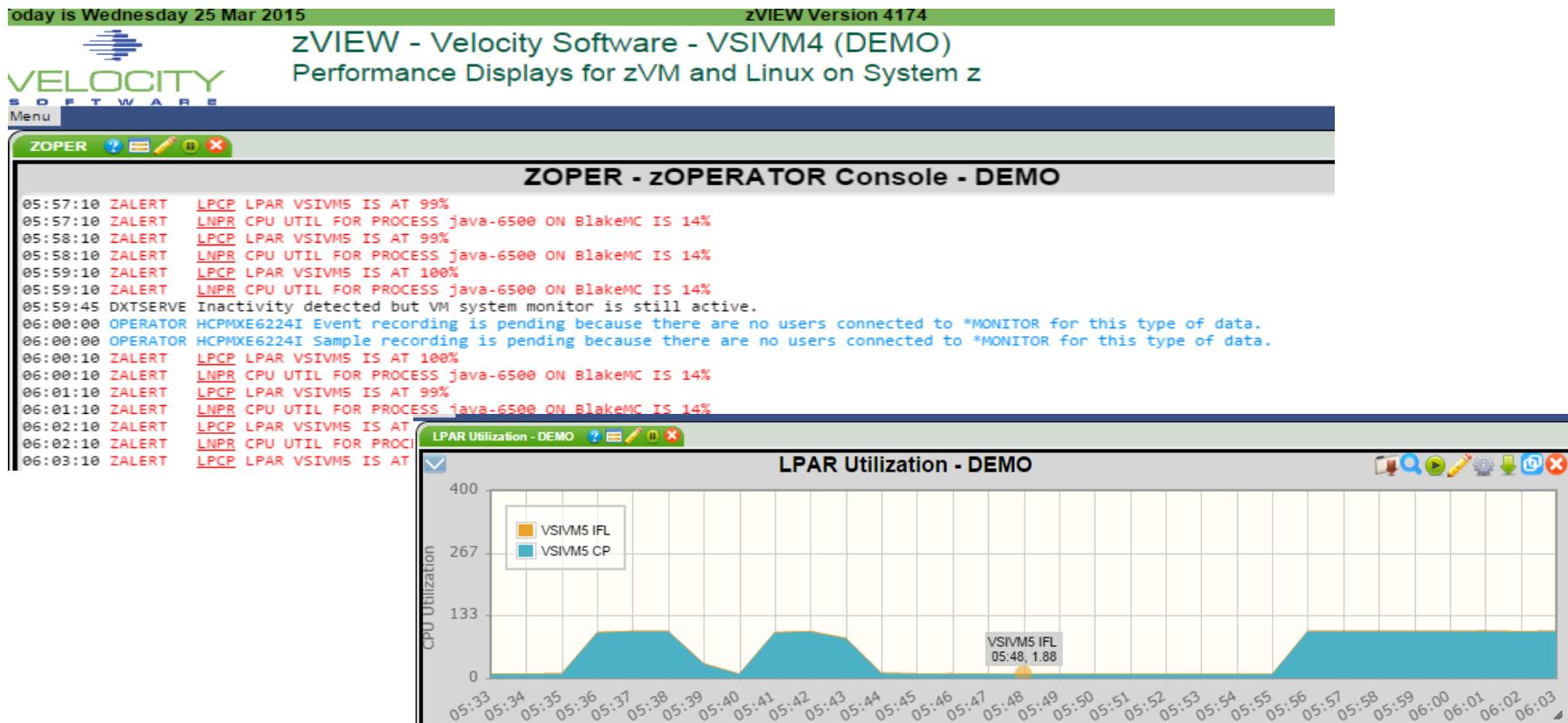
All messages logged in daily files

Actions can be set based on messages received

zOPERATOR – Management Console

Operator Function browser based

- Click Thru for problem analysis – LPCP example



Portal Console Management View

Can also Give console access to end users via browser
Record zvps service machines

Available zVPS Console Logs			
zPRO Available Log Files Select one or more logfiles that you wish to view or download			
Download View Upload Reset			
DXTZMAP			
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 03 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 23 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 12 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 02 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 22 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 01 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 21 May 2013 (648)	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 31 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 20 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 09 May 2013 (39)
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 19 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 08 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 09 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 29 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 18 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 07 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 08 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 28 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 17 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 06 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 07 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 27 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 16 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 05 May 2013 (4)
<input type="checkbox"/> 06 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 26 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 15 May 2013 (4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 05 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 25 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 14 May 2013 (4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 04 Jun 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 24 May 2013 (4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 13 May 2013 (4)	
INSTALL			
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 Jun 2013 (263)	<input type="checkbox"/> 02 Jun 2013 (553)	<input type="checkbox"/> 20 May 2013 (78)	<input type="checkbox"/> 09 May 2013 (6)
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 Jun 2013 (16)	<input type="checkbox"/> 31 May 2013 (12)	<input type="checkbox"/> 17 May 2013 (153)	<input type="checkbox"/> 08 May 2013 (257)
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Jun 2013 (38)	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 16 May 2013 (887)	<input type="checkbox"/> 06 May 2013 (5)
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 Jun 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 29 May 2013 (317)	<input type="checkbox"/> 15 May 2013 (494)	<input type="checkbox"/> 05 May 2013 (155)
<input type="checkbox"/> 05 Jun 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 28 May 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 14 May 2013 (48)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 04 Jun 2013 (6)	<input type="checkbox"/> 23 May 2013 (63)	<input type="checkbox"/> 13 May 2013 (434)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 03 Jun 2013 (1050)	<input type="checkbox"/> 22 May 2013 (20)	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 May 2013 (14)	
SFFPURGER			
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 11 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 08 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 05 May 2013 (8)
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 07 May 2013 (8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 09 May 2013 (8)	<input type="checkbox"/> 06 May 2013 (8)	
ZALERT			
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 Jun 2013 (40)	<input type="checkbox"/> 03 Jun 2013 (48)	<input type="checkbox"/> 24 May 2013 (50)	<input type="checkbox"/> 14 May 2013 (52)
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 Jun 2013 (48)	<input type="checkbox"/> 02 Jun 2013 (38)	<input type="checkbox"/> 23 May 2013 (42)	<input type="checkbox"/> 13 May 2013 (70)
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 Jun 2013 (42)	<input type="checkbox"/> 01 Jun 2013 (52)	<input type="checkbox"/> 22 May 2013 (63)	<input type="checkbox"/> 12 May 2013 (42)

Linux Performance Management

- Oracle
- Java
- Longer process names/paths
- System real storage metrics
- Process – more metrics
- 32 bit process IDs (Apple server processes go to 99,999)

z/VM Performance Management

- 6.3 Exploitation (ESAMFC, Diagnose rates)
- Storage report,
- zOPERATOR
- PORTAL V2

Performance Research

- Large page support, MFC, CMM

Processor announcements always include hardware stuff

- pipelining
- More cache
- Better cache
- Different cycle time

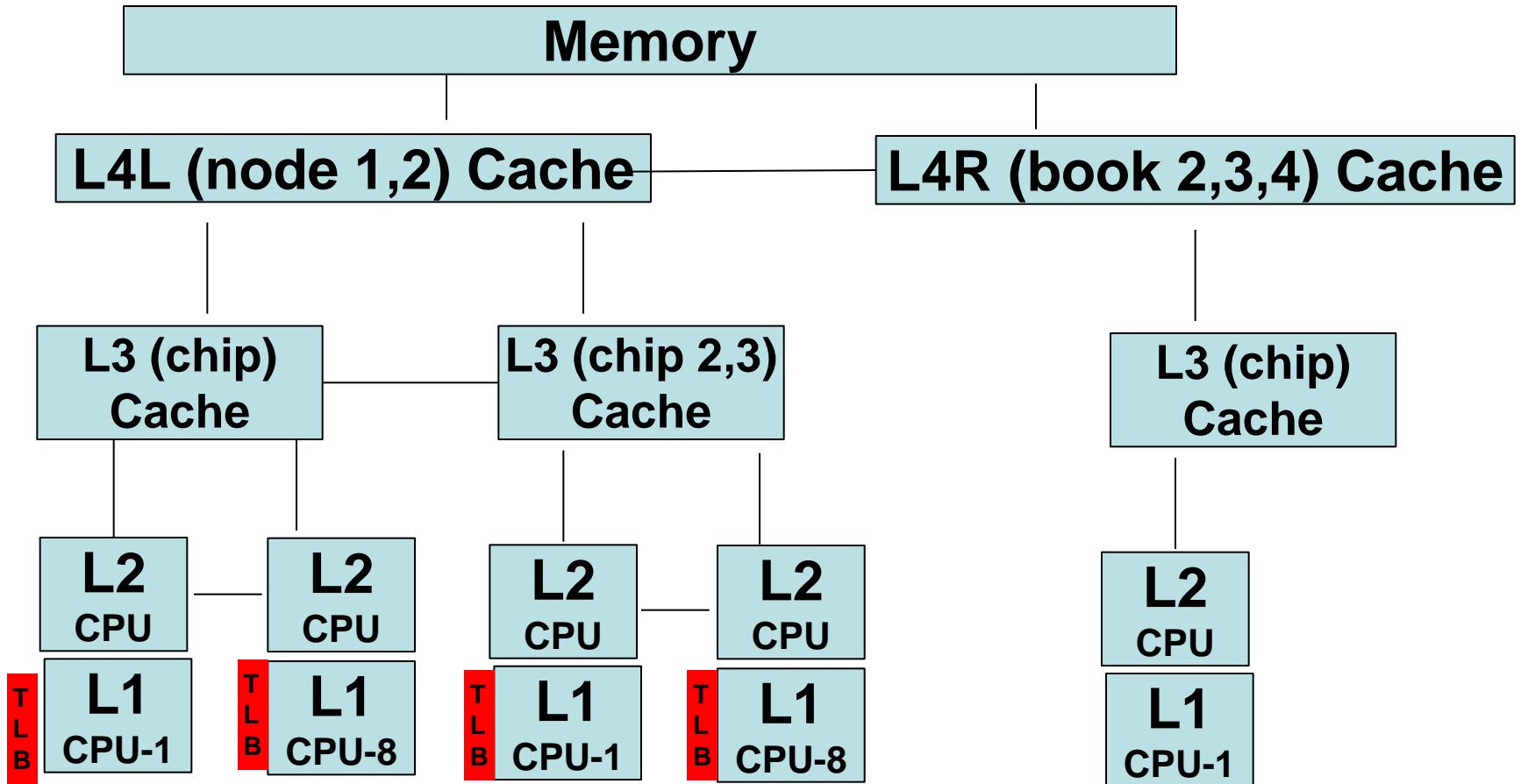
New stuff

- Hiperdispatch
- Vertical vs Horizontal dispatching
- SMT

How do you speed up existing processors?

- Measure Cycles per instruction
- Measure Cycles used for work
- Fix polling applications.....

Understanding architecture becoming necessary



Question, If 10,000 dispatch / second / cpu, impact?

CPU Measurement Facility

What is the CPU Measurement Facility (Basic)

CPI: Cycles per Instruction (EC12 is 5.5Ghz)

Report: ESAMFCA		MainFrame Cache Hit Analysis					
Monitor initialized: 12/10/14 at 07:44:37 on 282							
Time	CPU	<CPU Busy>		<-----Processor----->			CPI Ratio
		<percent>		Speed/<-Rate/Sec->	Hertz	Cycles Instr	
07:48:35	0	20.8	18.4	5504M	1121M	193M	5.807
	1	21.6	19.6	5504M	1161M	221M	5.264
	2	24.4	22.5	5504M	1300M	319M	4.078
	3	22.4	19.7	5504M	1248M	265M	4.711
	4	19.6	17.6	5504M	1102M	194M	5.683
	5	20.4	18.6	5504M	1144M	225M	5.087
	6	23.9	22.0	5504M	1341M	341M	3.935
	7	17.6	15.4	5504M	949M	160M	5.927
	8	18.5	16.5	5504M	1005M	194M	5.195
	9	22.5	20.6	5504M	1259M	347M	3.629
System:		212	191	5504M	10.8G	2457M	4.733

Why you should be interested – what is a MIP?

Report: ESAMFC

MainFrame Cache Analysis Rep

<CPU Busy> <-----Processor----->							
<percent> Speed/<-Rate/Sec->							
Time	CPU	Total	User	Hertz	Cycles	Instr	Ratio
14:05:32	0	92.9	64.6	5000M	4642M	1818M	2.554
	1	92.7	64.5	5000M	4630M	1817M	2.548
	2	93.0	64.7	5000M	4646M	1827M	2.544
	3	93.1	64.9	5000M	4654M	1831M	2.541
	4	92.9	64.8	5000M	4641M	1836M	2.528
	5	92.6	64.6	5000M	4630M	1826M	2.536

System:		557	388	5000M	25.9G	10.2G	2.542

14:06:02	0	67.7	50.9	5000M	3389M	2052M	1.652
	1	67.8	51.4	5000M	3389M	2111M	1.605
	2	69.0	52.4	5000M	3450M	2150M	1.605
	3	67.2	50.6	5000M	3359M	2018M	1.664
	4	60.8	44.5	5000M	3042M	1625M	1.872
	5	70.1	53.8	5000M	3506M	2325M	1.508

System:		403	304	5000M	18.8G	11.4G	1.640

**1830 mips
(at 100%)**

**2828 Mips
(at 100%)
Doing 10%
more work**

TLB Analysis P – z13 data SMT Enabled

Why working sets are important,

Why we need large pages?

DAT Translation consumes 30% of the cycles for both threads

Report: ESAMFC				MainFrame Cache Magnitudes Report				ZMAP 4.2.4		
Time	CPU	<CPU Busy>		<----->		<-Translation Lookaside buffer(TLB)-		CPU Cycles	Cost	Lost
		<percent>	Speed/	Hertz	Ratio	<cycles/Miss>	<Writs/Sec>			
07:45:01	0	25.9	24.4	5000M	1.704	159	742	473K	244K	19.77
	1	35.9	34.7	5000M	1.491	138	731	530K	249K	14.17
	2	15.8	13.9	5000M	2.868	206	826	419K	245K	36.30
	3	16.6	15.4	5000M	2.508	212	825	411K	247K	34.90
	23	18.1	17.0	5000M	2.144	197	815	412K	229K	29.44
	24	21.4	19.9	5000M	1.865	114	533	598K	302K	21.35
	25	26.2	24.9	5000M	1.742	98	503	736K	346K	18.71
	26	12.9	11.6	5000M	2.050	154	631	378K	214K	29.92
	27	13.1	11.9	5000M	1.987	156	630	378K	217K	29.64
System:		514	476	5000M	2.257	176	724	14M	7641K	30.69
7917M										

zTCP Version 4.2 (“spe” Enterprise support)

Snmp v3 support

SSI Flag

- zTCP knows on which LPAR server is running
- Move data collection to correct LPAR

Test communication status

```
smsg ztcp query nodes
Ready; T=0.01/0.01 19:52:15
PRODVMP1 ,TCPIP2 67.218.99.131 1998, 0:00:00
VSIDEV ,TCPIP 67.218.99.132 1998, 0:00:00
VSIVM4 ,TCPIP 67.218.99.134 1998, 9:37:34
,TCPIP 67.218.99.135 1998, 0:00:00
,TCPIP 67.218.99.136 1998, 0:00:00
PRODVMP1 ,TCPIP2 192.168.5.41 1998, 0:00:00
VSIDEV ,TCPIP 192.168.5.42 1998, 0:00:00
VSIVM4 ,TCPIP2 192.168.5.44 1998, 9:37:34
VSIVM5 ,TCPIP2 192.168.5.45 1998, 0:00:00
VSIVM6 ,TCPIP2 192.168.5.46 1998, 0:00:00
VSIVM6 ,TCPIP 67.218.99.142 1998, 0:00:00
PRODVMP1 ,TCPIP 50.193.31.129 1998, 0:00:00
End Display
```

Z13 monitor support

- CPU Pooling (ESAPOOL)
- SMT Support (ESASMT, ESAUSR5/ESAUSP5)
- MFC support for z13 (ESAMFCx)
- Topography suport

Performance Engine

- Filesystem response times (ESALNXF)
 - Measure FCP vs ECKD always a problem
 - No host support, only from Linux metrics
- JVM Threads – extension to java support (ESAJVMT)
- Oracle enhancements
 - Asynchronous agent
- Z/VM 6.4 new records
 - HiperPav (ESAHPP)
 - More SMT (ESASMT)
- VSE enhancements
- OSA adapter (ESAOSA)
 - No host support, must use Linux agent

Operational

- zOPER
 - Many minor enhancements
- zALERT
 - Many minor enhancements
- zVIEW
 - Many minor enhancements

Performance Research

- SMT, MFC

Challenges:

- Chrome vs IE vs what next
- SSL to TLS
- TLS 1.0 vs 1.2

zVPS 4.3 provided

- Updated browser support
- Updates SSL (TLS 1.0) support

Preview for 2017

- TLS 1.1 and 1.2 support
- Stronger ciphers as needed
- Support IBM ssl?

Hyperpav Works, can demonstrate it's use

```
Report: ESAHPP      HyperPav Device Pool Analysis
Monitor initialized: 09/27/16 at 14:12:32 on 2964 serial 0FE8C7
-----
Time/          <Storage>                                <Alias Rate>    <----Data T
Date           <Director><HPP Device Counts>        <-Acquires->
               ID   Pool Base Alias min max   Tries Fails Type Shr
-----  -----
14:14:00      C901     0     3     2     0     2     17.6   8.0  MDISK  0
                  C701     1     4     2     0     2     12.7   6.9  PAGING  0
                                         MDISK  0
                                         PAGING 0
```

FCP vs ECKD performance

Report: ESALNXF LINUX VSI Filesystem Performance												Velocity
Monitor initialized: 01/21/17 at 05:00:00 on 2828 serial 0314C7												First rec
NODE/ Time/	Disk Name	<----Read I/O---->			<----Write I/O---->			IO In Prog- ress	<Time(ms)>			Velocity
		/Second	Sectrs	(ms)	/Second	Sectrs	(ms)		<Per I/O>	IOQ	I/O	
/Second	I/O Mrgd	/RdIO	/IO		I/O Mrgd	/WrtIO	/IO					
OSA178	dasda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dasdal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	sda	0	0	0	0	1.8	0.5	52.5	0.3	0	0.2	0.3
	sda1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	sda2	0	0	0	0	0.3	0.5	264.8	1.0	0	0.6	1.0
sles12	dasda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dasdal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	sda	0	0	0	0	1.8	0.5	52.5	0.3	0	0.2	0.3
	sda1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	sda2	0	0	0	0	0.3	0.5	264.8	1.0	0	0.6	1.0
NODE/ Time/	Disk Name	> <--Device Path-->										
OSA178												
	dasda	ccw-0.0.0203										
	dasdal	ccw-0.0.0203-part1										
	sda	ccw-0.0.0201-zfcp-0x500507630718d02a:0x4012405c00000										
	sda1	ccw-0.0.0201-zfcp-0x500507630718d02a:0x4012405c00000										
	sda2	ccw-0.0.0201-zfcp-0x500507630718d02a:0x4012405c00000										

Java Threads

The Velocity Software mib extracts threads

Report: ESAJVMT Java Subsystem Analysis Report							Velocity Sof	First record
Monitor initialized:	12/05/16 at 14:35:40 on 2828 serial 0314C7	Node/	Date	Thread ID	<--Blocks-->	<Thread Waits>	CPU	(ms)
Time	Name	nbr	/Second	Time	/Sec	Time		
14:37:00	lxora12							
	Totals: AppSrv01-server1	0	0.2	0	73.1	0	170.8	
	CommunicatorServer	7	0	0	0	0	7.8	
	Thread-11	17	0	0	0.0	0	1.1	
	Deferred Alarm Manager	30	0	0	2.2	0	4.0	
	Non-Deferred Alarm Manager	31	0	0	2.0	0	2.9	
	Deferrable Alarm : 0	43	0	0	1.0	0	3.1	
	LT=0:P=315710:O=0:port=9100	49	0	0	0	0	1.4	
	LT=1:P=315710:O=0:port=9403	50	0	0	0	0	1.8	
	ThreadService-0	90	0.0	0	1.6	0	19.2	
	Deferrable Alarm : 1	99	0	0	1.0	0	3.9	
	Deferrable Alarm : 2	135	0	0	1.0	0	3.8	
	Thread-79	140	0	0	0.3	0	1.1	
	ThreadService-1	148	0.0	0	1.8	0	16.7	
	Deferrable Alarm : 3	149	0	0	1.0	0	3.4	
	ThreadService-2	150	0.0	0	1.7	0	11.7	
	ThreadService-3	151	0.0	0	1.6	0	14.5	
	ThreadService-4	153	0.1	0	1.5	0	16.1	
	ThreadService-5	154	0.0	0	1.5	0	25.8	
	AIO Timer Thread 1	183	0	0	1.0	0	1.7	
	WebContainer : 2	186	0	0	1.0	0	1.5	
	WebContainer : 15	226	0	0	1.0	0	1.0	
	WebContainer : 17	228	0	0	1.0	0	1.6	

For z/VM, OSA MIB installs on a Linux Server
Two sources, Shows configuration, totals, by LPAR
Not sure which source is accurate or why discrepancy

```
Report: ESAOSA          OSA System Configuration Report
Monitor initialized: 05/14/16 at 06:02:00 on
-----
Collector <-----OSA Configuration--> MacAddress
Node   Idx  Name  Nbr  Type  Level Shrd Active
-----  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---
06:03:00
OSA178    2  OSA1     0  1G  Eth  6.00  Yes  6CAE8B483FD4
```

```
Report: ESAOSA          OSA          Velocity Software Corporate
Monitor initialized: 05/           First record analyzed: 05/14
-----
Collector <-----OSA          LPAR      Bus      CPHID      KBytes/Sec  Packets/sec
Node   Idx  Name  Nbr  NBR  Util  Util  IN        OUT        In        OUT
-----  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---  ---
06:03:00
OSA178    2  OSA1     0      Tot      0       0      7.0      8.2      30.1      23.2
                           2       0       .      3       1       1
                           4       0       :      17      17
                           5       0       :      4       4
```

Longer process names

Requirement for longer names to distinguish....

Report: ESALNXL		LINUX Process Configuration Report		
Velo	C	Monitor initialized:	02/26/17 at 02:00:00	on 2828 serial 0314C7
First	Last	Monitor period:	79200 seconds (22:00:00)
<hr/>				
Node/ Process Name		<-Process ID>	<---Process Path---->	<-
		ID	PPID	-
lxora12				
init	*	1	1 init	"
kswapd0	*	2	1	,
sshd		20	2 kswapd0	"
sshd		3219	1	,
cron		394	3219 sshd: root@pts/0	"
ora_j000_db02ct		2074	3219 sshd: root@pts/1	"
ora_j000_db02ct		3227	1 /usr/sbin/cron	"
ora_j000_db02ct		22761	1 ora_j000_db02ctn	"
ora_j000_db02ct		22803	1 ora_j000_db02ctn	"
ora_j000_db02ct		23211	1 ora_j000_db02ctn	"
ora_j000_db02ct		23253	1 ora_j000_db02ctn	"
ora_j000_db02ct		23637	1 ora_j000_db02ctn	"

Understanding Docker

Docker not that complicated
Experiment, 3 containers, each has snmp included

Report: ESALNXC LINUX Process Configuration Report								Ve	Fi	La
Monitor initialized: 03/17/17 at 15:59:34 on 2828 serial 0414C7										
Monitor period: 540 seconds (9:00)										
Node/ Name	<----Process ID	Ident PPID	Ident GRP	Appl Appl	Appl Name	<User Userid	Identity	<Group PID	Id	<Group GroupID
rksctnr1										
bash	1	1	1	1	bash	root		0	root	
snmpd	26	1	25	26	snmpd	root		0	root	
stresser	28	1	28	28	stresser	root		0	root	
sleep	32716	28	28	32716	sleep	root		0	root	
rksctnr2										
bash	1	1	1	1	bash	root		0	root	
snmpd	26	1	25	26	snmpd	root		0	root	
stresser	28	1	28	28	stresser	root		0	root	
sleep	30010	28	28	30010	sleep	root
rksctnr3										
bash	1	1	1	1	bash	root		0	root	
snmpd	26	1	25	26	snmpd	root		0	root	
stresser	28	1	28	28	stresser	root		0	root	
sleep	29794	28	28	29794	sleep	root		0	root	

Understanding Docker

Docker from host perspective

Report: ESALNXC LINUX Process Configuration Report							Velo
Monitor initialized: 03/17/17 at 15:59:34 on 2828 serial 0414C7							Firs
Monitor period: 540 seconds (9:00)							Last
Node/ Name	<----Process ID	<----Process PPID	Ident GRP	Appl Appl	Appl Name	<User Identity> Userid	<Group Identity> PID GroupID
sles12							
systemd	1	1	1	60839	systemd	root	0 root
kthreadd	2	1	0	1	Kernel	root	0 root
containe	1289	1	1289	3488	containe	root	0 root
master	1489	1	1489	1489	master	root	0 root
qmgr	1524	1489	1489	1524	qmgr	postfix	51 postfix
exe	2696	7195	7195	3399	exe	root	0 root
containe	2701	1289	2701	3488	containe	root	0 root
bash	2714	2701	2714	3417	bash	root	0 root
snmpd	2774	1289	2773	24763	snmpd	root	0 root
docker	2776	1	2776	7195	docker	root	0 root
containe	2781	1289	2781	3488	containe	root	0 root
stresser	2795	2781	2795	3502	stresser	root	0 root
exe	3037	7195	7195	3399	exe	root	0 root
containe	3042	1289	3042	3488	containe	root	0 root
bash	3055	3042	3055	3417	bash	root	0 root
snmpd	3109	1289	3108	24763	snmpd	root	0 root
docker	3149	1	3149	7195	docker	root	0 root
containe	3154	1289	3154	3488	containe	root	0 root
stresser	3168	3154	3168	3502	stresser	root	0 root
exe	3399	7195	7195	3399	exe	root	0 root
containe	3404	1289	3404	3488	containe	root	0 root
bash	3417	3404	3417	3417	bash	root	0 root
snmpd	3475	1289	3474	24763	snmpd	root	0 root
docker	3483	1	3483	7195	docker	root	0 root
containe	3488	1289	3488	3488	containe	root	0 root
stresser	3502	3488	3502	3502	stresser	root	0 root
docker	7195	1	7195	7195	docker	root	0 root
pickup	10088	1489	1489	10088	pickup	postfix	51 postfix
sleep	13190	2795	2795	13192	sleep	root	0 root
sleep	13191	3168	3168	13192	sleep	root	0 root
sleep	13192	3502	3502	13192	sleep	root	0 root
snmpd	24763	1	24761	24763	snmpd	root	0 root

Many Enhancements, more to come

- Db2, mq, docker
- ubuntu
- Enterprise model for applications
- Access control for zview, zoperator
- Spool access
- Splunk
- Ipv6 (bad....)

Performance Research needed:

- SMT, MFC

Opportunities:

- Smapi replacements
- Xcat/cma total failures
- Wave not so good

Performance workshop in June in Columbus

- Free for zvps installations

Keep the requirements coming